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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

REPORT
101-434

DIRE EMERGENCY SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR DISASTER ASSISTANCE, FOOD STAMPS, UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION ADMINISTRATION, AND OTHER URGENT NEEDS, AND TRANSFERS, AND REDUCING FUNDS BUDGETED FOR MILITARY SPENDING, 1990

MARCH 27, 1990.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

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Mr. WHITTEN, by direction of the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 4404]

The Committee on Appropriations submits the following report in explanation of the accompanying bill making dire emergency supplemental appropriations for disaster assistance, food stamps, unemployment compensation administration, and other urgent needs, and transfers, and reducing funds budgeted for military spending for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1990, and for other purposes.

TITLE I—DISASTER ASSISTANCE

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL

FLOOD CONTROL AND COASTAL EMERGENCIES

The Fiscal Year 1990 Energy and Water Development Appropriations Act contained no funds for the Corps of Engineers Emergency Fund. Fiscal year 1989 repeated the record low expenditures of fiscal year 1988, and fiscal year 1990 began with a $28.4 million carryover in the Emergency Fund. However, the Corps emergency response activities have exceeded the historic average annual requirement due to Hurricane Hugo, the California earthquake, floods in the Pacific Northwest, and the recent floods in the Southeast. As a result of those activities, the Emergency Fund is rapidly being exhausted. Notwithstanding the recent heavy flooding in the Southeast, the historic flood season has not yet arrived. The Corps

of Engineers estimates another $20 million is required to meet anticipated needs.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Soil Conservation Service

WATERSHED AND FLOOD PREVENTION OPERATIONS

In the fall of 1989 Hurricane Hugo swept through the Caribbean Islands and the Southeast United States. Left in its wake were tremendous loss of life and devastation of property. In February and March of this year torrential downpours hit the South, inundating homes and farms. The Soil Conservation Service exhausted its emergency watershed program funds early in the fiscal year and is in need of additional funds to safeguard life and property and to repair damage to watersheds. Accordingly, the Committee provides an additional $31,000,000 for the emergency watershed protection program.

Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service

EMERGENCY CONSERVATION PROGRAM

Severe flooding from recent rains and unrepaired damages from Hurricane Hugo has left farmlands in the South in seriously deteriorated condition. Funds for the ASCS Emergency Conservation Program have been depleted. The Committee provides an additional $10,000,000 for the Emergency Conservation Program to assist farmers in rehabilitating farmlands damaged by these disasters.

Federal Emergency Management Agency

DISASTER RELIEF

Recently, severe storms, tornadoes, and flooding have caused damage in certain areas of the Southeast. Because of the magnitude of the damage, the President declared major disasters in the States of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee. Individual and/or public assistance has been authorized for 46 counties in the four states. Individual and family assistance typically consists of temporary housing and individual and family grants to meet necessary disaster-related expenses. Public assistance grants are made to State and local governments to cover emergency protective measures, debris clearance, and the repair and restoration of damaged public and certain private, nonprofit facilities.

To provide needed and necessary assistance due to the severity of the damage, the Committee recommends a 1990 supplemental appropriation of $50,000,000 for disaster relief. These funds are to be utilized for assistance to individuals and counties, including repair of highways and roads and bridges for counties covered under the declaration.

Disastrous Effects of Sequestration

As a direct result of the unanticipated inclusion of sequestration in the fiscal year 1990 reconciliation legislation, many agencies are

required to make staff reductions and to close offices that were not contemplated during the orderly appropriations process. The Committee is recommending a governmentwide provision that permits funds apportioned for the fourth quarter to be used in the third quarter. This will give agencies a longer time to develop alternative saving proposals or to develop supplemental appropriations requests. It is important that essential services such as food inspection, air traffic safety, law enforcement efforts, and the like not be unnecessarily curtailed.

TITLE II—SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

CHAPTER I

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND THE JUDICIARY

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Legal Activities

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES

The Committee has not approved language requested by the Administration to increase by $500,000 the amount available for transfer from the Vaccine Injury Compensation Trust Fund. The Committee does not believe there is a need for these additional funds at this time.

Federal Prison System

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

The Committee has not approved language requested by the Administration to authorize the use of amounts transferred from the Assets Forfeiture Fund for construction of Immigration Service and United States Marshals Service detention facilities. The Committee believes that existing legislation, which limits such funds to construction of Federal Prisons, does not need to be amended.

General Provision

The Committee recommends language that will expand the authorization of a pilot debt collection project until September 30, 1992. The extension is necessary due to unforeseen problems which arose in the process of letting the contracts to run the pilot project. Extending the date will provide the Department the necessary time to evaluate the program's effectiveness.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Administration of Foreign Affairs

EMERGENCIES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE

The Committee has not approved the requested language change which would have permitted the Department of State to transfer up to $3,000,000 to the Emergencies in the Diplomatic and Consular Service account from the Salaries and Expenses account. Al-

though a large number of evacuations of U.S. Government personnel, their dependents, and other Americans, and other emergencies has occurred during the past year, sufficient resources were available in the Emergencies account to fund the costs of these matters. The Committee believes that the remaining resources available in the account are sufficient for the remainder of the fiscal year.

THE JUDICIARY

Supreme Court of the United States

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of $63,000 to supplement amounts appropriated to date for fiscal year 1990 of $17,434,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Supreme Court.

The recommendation provides funds for the mandatory cost associated with the 1990 pay raise for the Justices of the Supreme Court.

Courts of Appeals, District Courts and Other Judicial Services

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends a total appropriation of $28,003,000 to supplement amounts appropriated to date for fiscal year 1990 of $1,338,227,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services.

The recommendation provides $5,253,000 for the mandatory cost associated with the 1990 pay raise for article III Federal judges.

The recommendation also provides $22,750,000 to make up for a shortfall in funds to be collected from fees in fiscal year 1990. The Courts' FY 1990 appropriation assumed collection by the Courts of a new bankruptcy registry fee. Current projections show that fee collections will fall $22,750,000 below original estimates. Failure to make up for this shortfall will delay the hiring of new clerks' office and probation and pretrial services personnel urgently needed to process the large increase in drug cases.

United States Sentencing Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of $700,000 to supplement amounts appropriated to date for fiscal year 1990 of $6,445,000 for the salaries and expenses of the United States Sentencing Commission.

The recommendation provides funds to expand Commission staffing to monitor and evaluate the burgeoning accumulation of cases since the Supreme Court decision validating the Commission's guidelines.

RELATED AGENCY

United States Information Agency

EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS

The sum of $200,000 was earmarked for the Mildred and Claude Pepper Scholarship Program, subject to enactment of an authorization, in the Joint Explanatory Statement of the Managers accompanying the Conference Report on the FY 1990 Appropriations Act for the United States Information Agency (Public Law 101-162). This scholarship program, to be administered by the Washington Workshops Foundation, will award scholarships to selected high school and college students from foreign countries for participation in a combined session of the Washington Workshops' Congressional and Diplomacy Seminars and Global Affairs Seminar. The program will be focused on students from the Soviet Union and Eastern Bloc countries. The Committee supports this scholarship program and urges the authorizing committees of the House and Senate to act promptly to provide the necessary authorization.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION

Pre-merger Filing Fees

The Committee recommends approval of the requested language change to Section 605 of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1990 (Public Law 101-162). Section 605 of the 1990 Appropriations Act established a filing fee for Hart-Scott-Rodino pre-merger reviews for the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice and the Federal Trade Commission. This supplemental language change would make the fees available until expended. This authority is necessary so that the fees collected late in the fiscal year will not expire before the Antitrust Division and the Commission are able to obligate them.

CHAPTER II

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY

Committee Action

RESCISSIONS

The Committee has included language in the accompanying bill which would rescind $1,790,792,000 in budget authority available to the Department of Defense from prior year appropriations which includes $127,685,000 in Military Construction rescissions. The specific rescissions recommended follow:

Military Personnel, Air Force:	
Permanent Change of Station Travel	$100,984,000
Other Military Personnel Costs	3,500,000
Total	104,484,000
Operation and Maintenance, Army:	
Personnel Freeze	23,305,000

Operation and Maintenance, Navy:	
Personnel Freeze	27,834,000
IOWA Turret Repair	11,000,000
Total	38,834,000
Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps:	
Personnel Freeze	1,582,000
Operation and Maintenance, Air Force:	
Personnel Freeze	16,528,000
Strategic Forces	3,000,000
Total	19,528,000
Operation and Maintenance, Defense Agencies:	
Personnel Freeze	7,132,000
Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve:	
Personnel Freeze	896,000
Operation and Maintenance, Navy Reserve:	
Personnel Freeze	209,000
Operation and Maintenance, Air Force Reserve:	
Personnel Freeze	1,190,000
Operation and Maintenance, Army National Guard:	
Personnel Freeze	2,125,000
Operation and Maintenance, Air National Guard:	
Personnel Freeze	2,199,000
Aircraft Procurement, Army, 1990-92:	
OV-ID Modifications	16,000,000
Spares and Repair Parts	12,600,000
Total	28,600,000
Missile Procurement, Army, 1990-92:	
Spares and Repair Parts, total	50,700,000
Procurement of Weapons and Tracked Combat Vehicles, Army, 1990-92:	
BFVS Modifications	5,500,000
Spares and Repair Parts (TCV)	54,900,000
Spares and Repair Parts (WOCV)	9,000,000
Total	69,400,000
Procurement of Ammunition, Army, 1988-90:	
RDX Production Facility, total	238,000,000
Procurement of Ammunition, Army, 1990-92:	
Spares and Repair Parts, total	200,000
Other Procurement, Army, 1988-90:	
Reserve Component Automation System, total	23,000,000
Other Procurement, Army, 1989-91:	
Reserve Component Automation System, total	30,000,000
Other Procurement, Army, 1990-92:	
Echelon Above Corps Communications	11,000,000
Spares and Repair Parts (BA 1)	1,700,000
Spares and Repair Parts (BA 2)	37,300,000
Combat Support Medical	976,000
Spares and Repair Parts (BA 3)	3,600,000
Simnet/Close Combat Tactical Trainer	13,524,000
Total	68,100,000
Aircraft Procurement, Navy, 1988-90:	
Spares and Repair Parts, total	30,000,000
Aircraft Procurement, Navy, 1990-92:	
Installation of Mod Equipment, total	83,000,000
Weapons Procurement, Navy, 1989-91:	
Tacit Rainbow, total	40,600,000
Weapons Procurement, Navy, 1990-92:	
AMRAAM	6,000,000

Weapons Industrial Facilities	4,500,000
Small Arms and Weapons	5,700,000
CIWS Mods	5,501,000
Total	21,701,000
Other Procurement, Navy, 1988–90:	
AN/BLD–1 Interferometer, total	16,500,000
Other Procurement, Navy, 1990–92:	
Medical Support Equipment	9,978,000
Industrial/Depot Maintenance Equipment	10,400,000
Installation of Mod Equipment	2,000,000
Total	22,378,000
Procurement, Marine Corps, 1990–92:	
PLRS, Total	15,200,000
Aircraft Procurement, Air Force, 1990–92:	
F–4G Wild Weasel	30,700,000
KC–135 Reengining	69,115,000
MC–130H—SOF	1,093,000
AC–130 Gunship—SOF	1,521,000
C–27A	473,000
Tanker, Transport, Trainer System	938,000
MH–60G	1,297,000
A–7	4,700,000
F/RF–4	12,300,000
C–130	1,700,000
C–135	1,000,000
OV–10	2,000,000
Spares and Repair Parts	5,300,000
Industrial Responsiveness	704,000
Other Production Charges	5,838,000
Total	138,679,000
Missile Procurement, Air Force, 1989–91:	
Sidewinder Modifications, total	25,000,000
Missile Procurement, Air Force, 1990–92:	
Minuteman II Modifications	76,000,000
Peacekeeper (M–X)	11,140,000
Missile Replacement Eq-Ballistic	5,000,000
Adv Cruise Missile	132,000
SRAM–II	69,000
AGM–65D Maverick	4,600,000
Spares and Repair Parts	6,900,000
Space Shuttle Operations	1,466,000
Def Meteorological Sat Prog (MYP)	2,373,000
Defense Satellite Comm System (MYP)	901,000
Medium Launch Vehicle	2,239,000
Total	110,820,000
Other Procurement, Air Force, 1989–91:	
MARV, total	17,900,000
Other Procurement, Air Force, 1990–92:	
Special Update Program, total	45,805,000
National Guard and Reserve Equipment, Defense, 1990–92:	
Air National Guard—Classified Program, total	25,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Defense Agencies, 1989–90:	
DOT&E Imp. Programs, total	35,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Army, 1989/90:	
Equipment Upgrade, total	5,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Army, 1990–91:	
Armored Systems Modernization	16,000,000
Landmine Warfare	5,000,000
Combat Feeding, Clothing, Equipment	4,000,000
Chemical Biological Defense Equipment	7,000,000

Exploitation of Foreign Items	3,000,000
Total	35,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Navy, 1989/90:	
V-22 ASW Variant, total	5,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Navy, 1990-91:	
Fast Sealift Technology	14,598,000
NATO Frigate Replacement	9,000,000
Total	23,598,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Air Force, 1989-90:	
Seek Spinner, total	19,900,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Air Force, 1990-91:	
In-House Lab Independent Research	60,000
Defense Research Sciences	1,394,000
Geophysics	120,000
Materials	305,000
Aerospace Flight Dynamics	242,000
Human Systems Technology	170,000
Aerospace Propulsion	339,000
Aerospace Avionics	248,000
Personnel Training and Simulation	141,000
Civil Engineering	47,000
Rocket Propulsion	191,000
Advanced Weapons	125,000
Conventional Munitions	234,000
Command/Control/Communications	347,000
Logistics Systems Technology	75,000
Advanced Materials for Weapons Systems	71,000
Aerospace Propulsion Subsystem Integration	169,000
Advanced Avionics for Aerospace Vehicles	202,000
Aerospace Vehicle Technology	150,000
Aerospace Structures	141,000
Aerospace Propulsion and Power Technology	262,000
Personnel Training and Simulation Technology	61,000
Advanced Fighter Technology Integration	178,000
Advanced Avionics Integration	115,000
Space and Missile Rocket Propulsion	91,000
Hypervelocity Missile	16,000
Advanced Spacecraft Technology	147,000
Space Systems Environmental Interactions	31,000
Conventional Weapons	200,000
Advanced Weapons Technology	647,000
Weather Systems—Advanced Development	57,000
Civil/Environmental Engineering Technology	72,000
C3I Subsystem Integration	62,000
Advanced Computer Technology	63,000
C3I Technology Development	70,000
Advanced Special Operations Research	15,000
Relocatable Target Capability Program	41,000
SRAM II—Engineering Development	1,381,000
Systems Survivability	49,000
KC-135 Squadrons	14,000
Joint Surveillance System	12,000
Surveillance Radar Stations/Sites	86,000
Over-the-Horizon Radar	184,000
SPACETRACK	121,000
Defense Support Program	1,229,000
Minimum Essential Emergency Network	122,000
Intelligence Advanced Development	43,000
Command, Control and Communication Applications	50,000
Aircraft Equipment Development	10,000
Nuclear Weapons Support	14,000
Tanker Transport Training System	23,000
SRAM-T	350,000
Aeromedical Systems Development	47,000

Computer Resources Management Technology	74,000
Overseas Air Weapon Control Systems	13,000
Tactical Air Control Systems	110,000
Airborne Warning and Control Systems	232,000
Jt Tactical Command (TRI-TAC)	22,000
MAC Command/Control Systems	70,000
Force Enhancements	246,000
Long-Haul Communications	20,000
NAVSTAR GPS (User Equipment)	384,000
NAVSTAR GPS (Space)	447,000
Space Test Program	665,000
Satellite System Survivability	95,000
Manpower Personnel and Training Development	35,000
Advanced Launch System	1,330,000
Weather Systems—Eng. Develop	46,000
Ranch Hand II Epidemiology Study	10,000
Adv. System Engineering/Plan	55,000
Space Boosters	22,484,000
Consolidated Space Ops Center	95,000
Space Shuttle Ops	1,575,000
Classified Project	100,000,000
B-1 Cruise Missile	50,000,000
F-16	5,000,000
F-111	500,000
HAVE SYNC	2,400,000
Range Improvements	3,000,000
F-15	3,000,000
Minuteman Squadrons	6,000,000
Advanced Launch System	4,000,000
Space Boosters	1,500,000
Air Defense Initiative	5,000,000
AWACS	3,500,000
BMEWS	3,000,000
Sat. Comm. Term.	3,000,000
CB Defense	3,000,000
Wide Area Anti-Armor Munitions	1,000,000
Surface Defense Suppression	5,000,000
Total	237,542,000
Grand Total, Department of Defense	1,663,107,000
Military Construction, Navy 1989-93:	
Projects outside the United States: General Reduction	10,000,000
Family Housing, Air Force 1989-93:	
Guam—Andersen AFB: Family Housing Construction Improvements	8,000,000
Military Construction, Army 1990-94:	
Projects outside the United States: General Reduction	16,000,000
Military Construction, Navy 1990-94:	
Japan—Camp Butler MCB: Combined Arms Staff Training Facility	3,200,000
Japan—Futenma MCAS: Maintenance Hangar Addition	1,950,000
Japan—Futenma MCAS: Tactical Support Van Pads	5,500,000
Military Construction, Air Force 1990-94:	
Projects outside the United States: General Reduction	16,000,000
Wyoming—F.E. Warren AFB: Peacekeeper, Rail Garrison, General Reduction	15,000,000
Guam—Andersen AFB: Alter Dormitory	6,500,000
Military Construction, Defense Agencies 1990-94:	
Defense Medical Facilities Office: Planning and Design	1,000,000
Bermuda—Robert E. Chaffee Elementary School	4,810,000
NATO Infrastructure 1990-94:	
NATO Infrastructure	21,925,000
Family Housing, Air Force 1990-94:	
Guam—Andersen AFB: Family Housing Construction Improvements	17,800,000
Grand Total, Military Construction and Family Housing	127,685,000
Total rescissions, Department of Defense	1,790,792,000

The Committee has also included language in the accompanying bill which would delete and adjust certain funding limitations contained in prior Department of Defense Appropriations Acts. This action was necessary due to the rescission of these funds recommended in the accompanying bill.

DEFERRAL DISAPPROVAL

The Committee has included language in the accompanying bill which would disapprove $2,193,850,000 in deferrals submitted by the President to the Congress in a special message on February 6, 1990. The General Accounting Office in their communication to the Congress transmitted on March 12, 1990 (H. Doc. 101-156) concluded that most of these deferrals were not authorized. Policy deferrals exceed the authority of the executive branch.

The deferrals disapproved follow:

Deferral No.	Item	Budget authority
	Department of Defense, Military:	
D90-10	Aircraft Procurement, Army	$16,000,000
D90-11	Procurement of Ammunition, Army	310,000,000
D90-12	Procurement of Ammunition, Army	90,000,000
D90-13	Other Procurement, Army	11,000,000
D90-14	Aircraft Procurement, Navy	200,000,000
D90-15	Weapons Procurement, Navy	13,900,000
D90-16	Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy	592,398,000
D90-17	Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy	324,800,000
D90-18	Aircraft Procurement, Air Force	181,700,000
D90-19	Missile Procurement, Air Force	131,000,000
D90-20	Other Procurement, Air Force	70,000,000
D90-21	National Guard and Reserve Equipment, Defense	40,900,000
D90-22	Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Air Force	100,000,000
D90-23	Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Defense Agencies	21,000,000
D90-24	Military Construction, Army	3,200,000
D90-25	Military Construction, Navy	16,150,000
D90-26	Military Construction, Army National Guard	18,301,000
D90-27	Military Construction, Air National Guard	36,841,000
D90-28	Military Construction, Army Reserve	16,660,000
	Total, Deferrals	2,193,850,000

CHAPTER III

FOREIGN OPERATIONS, EXPORT FINANCING, AND RELATED PROGRAMS

MULTILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The Committee has provided $1,609,671,408 in callable capital for the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development. This

action will permit the Department of Treasury to utilize the paid-in capital which was provided for the Bank in Public Law 101-167.

The Committee continues to hold deep reservations concerning the sufficiency of commercial bank debt reductions being realized under Brady Plan debt agreements. The Committee continues to be deeply concerned about the shifting of the liability for the debt crisis from commercial banks to international financial institutions.

The Committee will not make available the callable capital requested by the Administration in the fiscal year 1991 bill without much greater progress in obtaining cooperation on the third world debt issue.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE

The Committee has provided $75,000,000 in fiscal year 1990 supplemental funds for the Migration and Refugee assistance account. These funds will be used primarily to address the dramatic increase in refugees coming to the United States and to Israel from the Soviet Union and other Eastern European countries. During the past year refugee applications to the United States from the Soviet Union have grown to more than 400,000. It appears that most of these applicants will receive approval to leave the Soviet Union. The increase in refugees has resulted in a backlog in refugees both in transit in Rome and in Moscow coming to the United States. Funds provided in this bill will alleviate the backlog for fiscal year 1990.

The Committee is concerned about whether sufficient thought and planning has been done by the Department of State to address the huge increase in numbers of Soviets who both want, and are now going, to be allowed to come to the United States. Further coordination between the executive branch and Congress is needed to develop a program that realistically meets the changing refugee situation in Eastern Europe.

The Committee has provided that not less than $5,000,000 of these funds be used for Soviet, Eastern European and other refugees resettling in Israel. Since last November, Israel has experienced a tremendous increase in the number of refugees coming from the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe. If current trends continue the total number of new refugees going to Israel from Eastern Europe could be as high as 100,000 for this year alone. The increase is startling when compared to the immigration level of around 6,000 for last year. The $5,000,000 included in this bill combined with $25,000,000 in the fiscal year 1990 appropriations bill will provide total assistance of $30,000,000 for refugees resettling in Israel.

UNITED STATES EMERGENCY REFUGEE AND MIGRATION ASSISTANCE FUND

The Committee has recommended an increase of $25,000,000 for the Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund. These funds, combined with the current Fund balance of $25,000,000, will

allow for the fund to be replenished to the current authorized level of $50,000,000 and will provide a total of $50,000,000 to address refugee needs.

AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

HAITI, DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

The Committee has earmarked $10,000,000 in fiscal year 1990 development assistance funds for Haiti. Because of recent changes in the Government of Haiti and the promise of upcoming elections the Committee feels that funds should be made available to Haiti if conditions in Public Law 101-167 (Foreign Assistance Appropriations for fiscal year 1990) and in the authorization supplemental for fiscal year 1990 are met.

HOUSING AND OTHER CREDIT GUARANTY PROGRAMS

The Committee has provided, effective October 1, 1990, $400,000,000 in housing guarantee loan credits for Israel. The Government of Israel has requested that these housing guarantees be provided in order to assist the Eastern European refugees resettling in Israel. Current resettlement trends will result in several hundred thousand Soviet and Eastern European refugees resettling in Israel over the next three years. The housing guarantee credits provided in the bill will assist the Israeli government in meeting the housing shortage created by the refugee increase.

The Committee has provided the housing guarantees for Israel with the understanding that these housing guarantees will be used in accordance with existing Agency of International guidelines concerning where such housing may be built.

ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND

PANAMA

The Committee has provided a total of $420,000,000 for Panama. This assistance shall be used to encourage and assist the Government of Panama in taking the necessary steps to enable the proper functioning of a market economy and a political democracy. The Committee expects that these funds be spent in ways which enable the formulation and execution of sound economic policies and improved public sector management. The Committee endorses the priorities and policy guidance contained in the 1990 supplemental authorization bill including the allocations of assistance.

The Committee has included language providing up to $15,000,000 of these funds for a debt-for-nature swap and for immediate environmental needs. The Committee believes that the proposed debt-for-nature swap for Panama sponsored by ANCON and the Nature Conservancy represents an innovative public/private sector partnership with great potential to reduce Panama's overall external debt while providing funds to protect its natural resources. The Committee expects that the Agency for International Development will make implementation of this project a high priority.

The Committee has been made aware that some U.S. companies have suffered financial losses as a result of the U.S. invasion of Panama. The Committee expects that AID will encourage the Panamanian government to deal expeditiously with any claims resulting from these losses.

NICARAGUA

The Committee has provided a total of $300,000,000 for Nicaragua. These funds are necessary to restore the productive capacity of the Nicaraguan economy, restore relations with international financial institutions, provide support for long-term economic growth and development, and to provide assistance to demobilize and repatriate the Nicaraguan Resistance.

The Committee has specifically earmarked $30,000,000 for assistance to support the voluntary demobilization, repatriation and resettlement process of members of the Nicaraguan resistance and their families into Nicaragua. Such assistance shall be provided through the International Commission of Support and Verification (CIAV) established by the Secretary General of the United Nations and the Secretary General of the Organization of American States pursuant to the agreement of the Central American Presidents at Tela, Honduras, on August 7, 1989, unless the President notifies the Committees on Appropriations in accordance with the procedures contained in section 523 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1990. The Committee also recommends that $2,000,000 be provided as requested for the U.N. observer group (ONUCA) to assist in the demobilization of the Nicaraguan resistance.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The Committee has provided authority for operating expenses of the Agency for International Development of up to $10,000,000 to carry out programs for Nicaragua and Panama.

CARIBBEAN

The Committee has included $15,000,000 for assistance for Caribbean countries. In addition to support for Jamaica, these funds shall be used in support of the Windward and Leeward islands in the Caribbean. These funds have been recommended in part to recognize the significant level of cooperation the United States has received from several countries in the Caribbean on narcotics related programs, as noted by Secretary of State Baker in his recent testimony before the Committee. A requirement has been included that not more than 50 percent of these funds may go to any one country.

The Committee also urges the United States to honor its commitment to the international support group process by increasing its bilateral assistance to Guyana, its first test case. After promising a package of $10 to $13 million, the United States contributed less than $1 million in fiscal year 1990.

HURRICANE RELIEF AND RECOVERY, EASTERN CARIBBEAN COUNTRIES

The Committee has provided $5,000,000 for several countries of the Eastern Caribbean who suffered severe damage as a result of Hurricane Hugo in September of 1989. The provision of assistance is necessary in this context of this supplemental because the Agency for International Development failed to allocate funds for this purpose from the fiscal year 1990 appropriations bill despite the specific direction by the conferees to do so. The countries designated to receive this funding are St. Kitts and Nevis, Antigua and Barbuda, and Dominica. These funds are necessary in view of the damage to and destruction of hospitals, schools, roads, food crops, export crops, livestock and other segments of these island economies. The Committee, however, also recognizes the need for an assistance program that goes beyond the short term, immediate focus of emergency assistance to the longer term challenge of reconstruction, rehabilitation and recovery.

SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

The Committee has provided $25,000,000 in Economic Support Funds for Africa and $5,000,000 for the Development Fund for Africa. Of the ESF funds, $10,000,000 is to support the newly established democracy in Namibia with priority given to development activities in agriculture, health, education and housing. The amount of $10,000,000 in ESF is to support democratic political parties and organizations in South Africa engaged in the anti-apartheid struggle. These funds shall be used to support programs and activities of organizations to encourage negotiations leading to a peaceful transition to a genuine democaracy based on universal suffrage within a united South Africa. These funds are intended exclusively to support the activities of the victims of apartheid and are made available to help previously banned organizations develop their infrastructure, including office and communications equipment, vehicles, office space, clerical support and equipment needed for the publication and distribution of pamphlets. In administering the support for democratic political parties and organizations in South Africa, AID shall seek to subcontract with broad-based, nonpartisan organizations such as the National Endowment for Democracy and the South African Council of Churches. The Committee has also earmarked ESF for both Mozambique and Zambia at $2,500,000.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

The Committee is to be notified of obligations of funds made available for the Economic Support Fund and sub-Sahara Africa in accordance with section 523 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act for 1990.

PEACE CORPS

The Committee has included language allowing the Peace Corps to establish a program in Czechoslovakia within existing funds.

EXPORT ASSISTANCE

EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES

The Committee has agreed to remove the limitation on Export-Import Bank medium term credit which has included for the first time in Public Law 101-167. The Committee has heard testimony from Bank officials that the credit limitation probably will restrict lending to Eastern Europe and Panama in this fiscal year. Bank officials have stated that they estimate that, due to the medium term credit limitation, medium term lending will have to be stopped in July for the remainder of the fiscal year.

TECHNICAL CORRECTION

The Committee has included language correcting a citation in the fiscal year 1990 Foreign Operations Appropriations bill relating to Amerasian immigration.

CHAPTER IV

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES

FIREFIGHTING

The Committee recommends an additional $176,800,000 for Department of the Interior firefighting and other emergencies. Of particular concern to the Committee are the dry conditions in the west which could lead to substantial fire suppression costs in the balance of this year.

Of the amount provided for the Department of the Interior, $77,000,000 is to repay accounts from which funds have been borrowed buy which have not been repaid. This includes $5,000,000 in reimbursements for the National Park Service to repay funds expanded for last year's major oil spill in Alaska.

The balance of $99,800,000 is provided so that the Department will have available this year funds equal to the amount expended in fiscal year 1989 for fire suppression, emergency rehabilitation and presuppression.

In addition to the amount for the Department of the Interior, the Commission also recommends $256,000,000 to repay fully the amount borrowed from the Knutsen-Vandenberg Trust Fund for Forest Service firefighting. The Knutsen-Vandenberg Trust Fund is dedicated to reforestation and related activities.

CHAPTER V

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

STATE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICE OPERATIONS

The Committee has provided an additional $96,000,000 from the Unemployment Trust Fund for fiscal year 1990, making a revised total for the account of $2,657,666,000. This account finances the administrative costs of the State employment security agencies in all the States. The amount provided will meet the emergency situation created by a funding shortfall of $96,000,000 in the Unemployment Insurance program administered by the States. This shortfall is exclusive of the 1.4 percent Gramm-Rudman-Hollings sequester in 1990. The Committee understands that the major reason for the shortfall is that currently projected unemployment claims workloads in the States will exceed the estimates used in preparing the President's 1990 budget request. The budget request and appropriation were based on a total unemployment rate of 5.1 percent and an insured unemployment rate of 2.0 percent. The currently projected rates for 1990 are 5.4 percent and 2.2 percent, respectively. The Department of Labor has reduced States' basic allocations and contingency allocations by 6.7 percent in order to stay within 1990 appropriated levels for the program.

The Committee is extremely concerned about the impact the Unemployment Insurance shortfall is having on the delivery of services to the unemployed. States have had to take various adverse actions to try to live within their reduced program allocations. These include the layoff and furlough of staff who work with the unemployed, and the closing of local offices which results in claimants having to travel farther to receive services. We understand that claimants are having to wait in line much longer to receive services. Of particular concern are any closing of small local service points in rural areas of the country especially in county seats. Reports received by the Committee raise the question of fairness in some States. With the additional funds provided in this bill there should be no necessity to close these offices and the Committee fully expects the Department and the States to maintain the operation of these offices. The Committee is also concerned that States have had to divert staff from essential payment integrity and tax collection activities to the claims functions to meet increased workloads and reduce the time claimants are having to wait in line. These diversions of staff are likely to cause delays in the collection of employer taxes, and also result in more errors in the payment of benefits.

The Committee directs the Department of Labor to use all of these supplemental funds to restore, to the extent possible, reductions taken to States' base and contingency allocations for 1990.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Health Resources and Services Administration

The Committee has been approached by several Members about providing additional fiscal year 1990 funding for the Health Care for the Homeless program. The Committee is sympathetic to the concerns expressed and understands that the Department of Health and Human Services is in the process of identifying carryover funds from fiscal year 1989 which could be used to alleviate fiscal year 1990 funding shortages. While the process of identifying and reallocating these funds is not complete, the Committee understands that as much as $2 million or more may be available. The Committee urges the Department to give the highest priority in distributing these funds to those homeless projects which received only phase-out funding in fiscal year 1990.

Health Care Financing Administration

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

The bill modifies supplemental language requested by the President which permits the crediting of clinical laboratory certification and inspection fees to the Program Management account. The Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 require the assessment of these fees to offset the Federal costs of this activity.

Family Support Administration

LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE

The bill includes $50,000,000 for the Low Income Home Energy Assistance program. This is in addition to the $1,393,000,000 appropriated under Public Law 101-166, the regular fiscal year 1990 appropriations act for the Department of Health and Human Services. No funds were requested by the President.

The bitterly cold weather of December, coupled with the very large increase of 50 percent or more in the price of heating oil and propane, caused a large increase in demand on the low income home energy assistance program in affected States. Although the weather moderated in January and February, the price of heating oil came down slowly. A number of States requested their final allocation of funds early to try to meet the demands on the program. Programs, particularly in the Northeast, have run short of funds. For these States, additional funds are required on an emergency basis.

The supplemental appropriation is intended to meet the dire emergency in those areas where an additional need for funds can be demonstrated. The Secretary is given broad discretion to distribute these funds upon application by the States and is expected to respond on an emergency basis to requests as soon as they are submitted by the States. It is intended that the Secretary provide additional funds to those States and Indian tribes which can demonstrate financial needs that could not be anticipated because of unusual and sustained increases in the costs of home heating for low-income households during the 1989-1990 heating season. It is not

intended that this distribution be made to all States and Indian tribes which receive regular Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program allotments. If the supplemental amount is inadequate to fund the full amount requested, the Secretary shall determine the division of such funds.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Student Financial Assistance

The bill includes language requested by the President clarifying that any shortfall in academic year 1989-1990 funding for the Pell grant program may be met by use of "borrowing" from the 1990 appropriation. While the Committee believes that this borrowing authority already exists under the basic law and would be permitted under the enacted appropriation language, the supplemental language has been agreed to so that students will not be placed at risk because of a technical disagreement among executive and legislative branch attorneys. The Committee would point out that both the executive and the legislative branches support use of the borrowing authority in this case and that both the General Accounting Office and the General Counsel of the Department of Education agree that this supplemental language is unnecessary. The sole disagreement is with the attorneys at the Office of Management and Budget.

The Committee would also point out that it is not clear that the use of the borrowing authority will be necessary. While the Department estimates that there may be a shortfall of as much as $265 million, the Congressional Budget Office estimates that current appropriations are fully adequate. The Committee continues to be concerned about the inability to accurately project these costs and expects to be kept informed of actual experience as final awards are paid in the current academic year.

Higher Education

The Committee has not approved bill language requested by the President overriding the current authorization ceiling for endowment grants to historically black colleges and universities. While the Committee has no objection to this change on the merits, it believes that any such modification should be considered by the authorizing committees of the House and Senate.

CHAPTER VI

RURAL DEVELOPMENT, AGRICULTURE, AND RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Federal Crop Insurance Commission

The Federal Crop Insurance Commission Act of 1988 authorized a commission to review and make recommendations concerning the authorization and administration of the crop insurance program. In August of 1989 the commission completed its principal report. While the commission has since made additional recommendations, its primary function is to advise Congress via a monthly letter reporting what action Congress or the Department of Agriculture has taken on its recommendations. The Committee does not find this a necessary expenditure of scarce funds and will expect the Department of Agriculture to discontinue additional funding for the commission. Approximately $500,000 is still available to the commission and should be returned to the Treasury.

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

The Committee has learned that the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) intends to alter the current practice in Hawaii of providing federally-mandated inspections of cargo at no charge when service is required during other than normal business hours. This policy change will impose an undue hardship on individuals who are required to ship agricultural products during these hours because of cargo space limitations and customer requirements.

The Committee directs APHIS to maintain its pre-April 1, 1990 policy without any deterioration in service. This will permit the Committee to evaluate the proposed changes in the context of the fiscal year 1991 budget.

Food and Nutrition Service

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM

The President has requested additional funds to meet the needs of the Food Stamp Program through fiscal year 1990. The Committee, in House Report 101-137 dated July 1989, expressed its concerns with regard to the Food and Nutrition Service fiscal year 1990 budget request being based on inaccurate assumptions understating both the cost of the program and participation rates. The Congress attempted to address these concerns when it appropriated $1,500,000,000 more than the budget request for the fiscal year 1990 Food Stamp Program.

Even with this increase in appropriations, the current estimates indicate an additional amount ranging from $375,000,000 to $510,000,000, will be required to meet food stamp needs. The Committee provides an additional $510,000,000, of which $135,000,000 shall be held in reserve to be used only if needed. The Committee

will reevaluate the needs of the program as more accurate data is made available.

COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM

There appears to be the potential for a shortfall in caseload assignments for the Commodity Supplemental Food Program this year. The Committee directs the Department to take such action as may be necessary to restore assigned caseloads to at least fiscal 1989 levels at each program site within each program state.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

Significant problems related to the Food and Drug Administration's generic drug activities have caused severe eroding of the public confidence in generic drugs. Cases of fraud, abuse and bribery necessitate an expanded FDA surveillance of the generic drug industry and enhanced application review activities to assure the safety and efficacy of generic drugs. The Committee provides an additional $13,900,000 for generic drug activities, the same amount as the budget request. The budget request proposed to obtain these funds through user fees. These proposed user fees are not authorized by law. The Committee has long had grave concerns with user fees for FDA activities and has repeatedly directed FDA to seek specific authorization from the appropriate committees of Congress. The Committee rejects the proposal to authorize user fees through the appropriations process.

CHAPTER VII

DEPARTMENTS OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

Veterans Benefits Administration

COMPENSATION AND PENSIONS

An appropriation of $15,367,506,000 was provided for the compensation and pensions account in fiscal year 1990. This amount was an increase of $161,900,000 above the revised budget request. Recent information from the Department indicates the need for a supplemental appropriation—primarily due to an increase in the caseload and average cost of benefits payments in the compensation program. The compensation caseload is 5,722 over plan through January with average monthly costs being $4.50 over plan for the same period. The Committee recommends a supplemental appropriation of $190,000,000 for these increased costs.

LOAN GUARANTY REVOLVING FUND

An appropriation of $313,500,000 was provided for the loan guaranty revolving fund for fiscal year 1990. This amount was $118,000,000 more than the amended budget request. The amended request reflected a savings from a cost of government funds propos-

al that did not occur. According to information from the Department, additional funding is required due to a higher than anticipated number of home foreclosures and loan repurchases. Additionally, lower revenue than planned from the sale of properties is a contributing factor to the need for a supplemental appropriation.

The Committee remains concerned with the continued high cost of the VA's home loan guaranty program. These substantial costs constrain federal funds available for other programs—including those for veterans. To help address this problem, additional funds were added above the 1990 budget request for 150 FTE in the loan guaranty program. The additional staffing is for increased loan servicing activities to help veterans retain their homes and lower claims against the loan guaranty revolving fund.

The bill includes a supplemental appropriation of $150,000,000 for the loan guaranty revolving fund. This is the amount currently estimated to be required to permit payment of claims in fiscal year 1990.

Veterans Health Service and Research Administration

MEDICAL CARE

The 1990 VA, HUD, and Independent Agencies Appropriations Act provided $11,549,431,000 for medical care. However, to bring the bill totals for budget authority and outlays within the revised section 302(b) allocations, an overall reduction of $115,339,000 was required. In addition, sequestration further reduced that amount by $158,386,000. As a result of these actions, the VA now estimates that average employment in 1990 will be approximately 192,500. This level is approximately 2,000 less than the 194,720 level that had been anticipated.

The Committee notes that the 1991 request for medical care estimates a staffing level of 194,638—approximately 2,000 above the level that can currently be supported in 1990. To bridge employment levels between 1990 and 1991, a supplemental appropriation of $50,000,000 for medical care in fiscal year 1990 is recommended. This will permit the VA to increase employment to the 194,638 level by the end of the fiscal year. More importantly, it assures that a greater number of veterans will receive quality medical treatment—both on an inpatient and outpatient basis.

The bill includes language earmarking $7,227,000,000 for personnel compensation and benefits. This language modifies a similar earmarking carried in the 1990 Act and will ensure adequate funds are made available to support an average employment of 194,638 by the end of the fiscal year. The Committee wishes to make clear that the VA is not to hire temporary administrative and engineering support personnel in utilizing these additional staffing funds. The VA is expected to hire sufficient direct patient care personnel to enter fiscal year 1991 at the 194,638 FTE level. The Committee does not expect a repeat of last year's utilization of supplemental funds for purposes other than those established.

MEDICAL ADMINISTRATION AND MISCELLANEOUS OPERATING EXPENSES

(BY TRANSFER)

An appropriation of $45,397,000 was provided for medical administration and miscellaneous operation expenses in fiscal year 1990. The Committee is recommending a supplemental appropriation of $1,300,000 for medical administration costs in fiscal year 1990. This amount is to be derived by transfer from the minor construction appropriation. The recommended amount includes the following:

+$700,000 to cover the shortfall in medical administration.

+$600,000 to cover the fiscal year 1990 costs of the VA's Commission on the Future Structure of Veterans Health Care.

The Commission is being established by the Department to review the VA's health care system. The Commission plans to take 15 to 18 months to complete its review. The Department has requested these additional funds to permit the Commission to begin its review in fiscal year 1990.

General Administration

GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES

Section 501 of the 1990 VA, HUD, and Independent Agencies Appropriations Act limits travel to the amount set forth in the budget estimates submitted for the appropriations. Since the Veterans Benefits Administration's travel estimate was formulated more than one year ago, several initiatives related to improvements in claims processing and loan servicing have been proposed. These include the lender monitoring unit, hearing officer program, loan production system, and rating/authorization training for adjudication technicians. In recognition of these new initiatives, the Committee recommends including bill language increasing the amount available for travel by $1,000,000. This action does not increase the total amount of funds available in 1990 for general operating expenses but provides the VA with flexibility to meet current requirements.

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Housing Programs

PAYMENTS FOR OPERATION OF LOW-INCOME HOUSING PROJECTS

(BY TRANSFER)

The Administration requested $1,644,200,000 for payments for operation of low-income housing projects in fiscal year 1990. The 1990 appropriation was $148,831,000 above the requested level. Recent information suggests that the 1990 appropriation is inadequate to operate and maintain public housing projects. The need for additional funds primarily results from the increase in utility costs experienced this winter.

To help meet these increased costs, the Committee recommends a supplemental appropriation of $72,000,000 for public housing operating subsidies in 1990. This amount is to be derived by transfer from the annual contributions for assisted housing account. Specifi-

cally, these funds shall be derived from the unobligated balances available for the section 8 moderate rehabilitation program. The Committee directs that none of the transferred funds be taken from the 70 percent of available and unobligated balances earmarked for victims of recent natural disasters.

URBAN HOMESTEADING

(BY TRANSFER)

An appropriation of $12,995,000 was provided for the urban homesteading program in fiscal year 1990. The Administration proposes to expand the urban homesteading program by transferring $11,450,000 of unobligated balances from the urban development action grants program to expand the homesteading of additional Federal Housing Administration properties. This expansion is in furtherance of the policy of increasing homeownership opportunities for low-income persons. The additional 1990 funds will be limited to FHA properties because of the large available inventory of such properties. Also, other federal agencies' properties can be transferred within the existing appropriation. This additional appropriation will permit the transfer of an estimated 1,375 properties in 1990, a doubling of the existing program. The Committee recommends the requested transfer of $11,450,000 to the urban homesteading program.

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

RESEARCH AND PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

(TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

The Administration requested $2,032,200,000 for research and program management (R&PM) in fiscal year 1990. Including transfers, a total of $1,990,466,000 has been provided in 1990 for R&PM expenses. The Administration is requesting a $32,970,000 supplemental appropriation for the R&PM account due to increased pay costs. The budget amendment proposes that the monies be transferred from the construction of facilities account.

The Committee has included language providing $32,970,000 for research and program management by transfer. Of the total amount, $18,000,000 is derived from the research and development appropriation and $14,970,000 is transferred from the space flight, control and data communications account. The Committee expects that the transfer from research and development will be allocated from the following activities: $5,000,000 from the Upper Atmospheric Research Satellite; $7,200,000 from aeronautics; $1,800,000 from CSTI; and $4,000,000 from space transportation capability development. The Committee understands that the funds transferred from space flight, control and data communications are primarily derived from the $25,000,000 being retained for the extended duration orbiter (EDO). The Committee has no objection to this source of funds provided that the EDO privatization agreement has been agreed to and implemented.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

SEC. 302. The Committee recommends language in the bill which explicitly provides for full repayment of all funds borrowed from other accounts prior to the use of funds for normal fiscal year 1990 firefighting expenses. Currently the Department of the Interior has not repaid $76,927,000 borrowed from various accounts as was the Committee's intent in providing the funds originally. It is not fair to penalize other programs unduly because of the necessity for fighting wildfires on Government lands.

SEC. 303. The Committee recommends repeal of a provision that places an obligational restriction on Defense Medical Facilities Office planning and design funds in the event that planning and design of an aerospace medicine facility is not initiated by February 1, 1990. The repeal would allow $20,000,000 of previously appropriated funds to be available for obligation since design of the aerospace medicine facility has not been initiated.

SEC. 304. The Committee recommends language authorizing appropriations for all projects listed in House Report 101-307 (the conference report on the fiscal year 1990 Military Construction Appropriations bill), for which funds were appropriated in the fiscal year 1990 Military Construction Appropriations Act (Public Law 101-148).

CHANGES IN THE APPLICATION OF EXISTING LAW

Pursuant to clause 3 of rule XXI of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted describing the effect of provisions in the accompanying bill which directly or indirectly change the application of existing law.

Language is included under Family Support Administration, Low Income Home Energy Assistance providing that the additional funds appropriated shall be obligated by October 31, 1990 on the basis of relative need to those States which promptly supplement their applications under the Act for the current fiscal year demonstrating both a substantial need for and the capacity to expend the additional funds.

Language is included under Department of Education, Student Financial Assistance providing that amounts made available for the 1990-91 award year in the Department of Education Appropriations Act, 1990, for Pell grants shall be available first to meet any insufficiencies resulting from the payment schedule for Pell grants published by the Secretary of Education for the 1989-90 award year.

Language is included under the Food Stamp Program which provides for placing $135,000,000 in reserve in order to allow for the efficient use of the funds if the Secretary determines they are needed.

The provision in connection with VA medical care earmarks funds appropriated in 1990 for personnel compensation and benefits.

The language in connection with VA general operating expenses increases funds for travel costs from within the existing appropriation.

Language is included in the accompanying bill under Department of Defense—Military to rescind $1,790,792,000 in budget authority appropriated in Department of Defense Appropriations Acts and Military Construction Appropriations Acts.

Language is included in the accompanying bill under Department of Defense—Military to disapprove $2,193,850,000 in deferrals submitted to Congress by the President on February 6, 1990.

Language is included in the accompanying bill to amend four sections in various Department of Defense Appropriations Acts in order to delete or adjust certain funding limitations.

Language is included in General Provisions repealing a restriction on obligation of funds that was contained in the fiscal year 1990 Military Construction Appropriations Act, Public Law 101-148.

Language is included in General Provisions authorizing appropriations for all projects listed in House Report 101-307 (the conference report on the fiscal year 1990 Military Construction Appropriations bill), for which funds were appropriated in the fiscal year 1990 Military Construction Appropriations Act (Public Law 101-148).

Language is included in the accompanying bill under Department of State—Migration and Refugee Assistance which earmarks $5,000,000 for Soviet Eastern European and other refugees resettling in Israel.

Language is included in the accompanying bill under Agency for International Development, Development Assistance, earmarking $10,000,000 for Haiti under certain conditions.

Language is included in the accompanying bill under Housing and Other Credit Guaranty Programs which provides $400,000,000 in commitments to guarantee loans for housing and infrastructure in Israel. In addition, the limitation in section 222(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act has been waived, the country level limitation contained in section 223(j) of the Foreign Assistance Act has been waived, and the guarantee commitment ceiling contained in section 222(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act has been increased by $400,000,000.

Language is included in the accompanying bill under Economic Support Fund, Nicaragua, which provides $30,000,000 for demobilization, repatriation and resettlement of the Nicaraguan resistance through the International Commission on Support and Verification.

Language is included in the accompanying bill under Economic Support Fund, Caribbean, which specifies that not more than half of the $15,000,000 provided shall go to any one country.

Language has been included under Economic Support Fund, Hurricane Relief and Recovery Assistance, for the Eastern Caribbean countries which specifies that the $5,000,000 provided be available only for those countries that were victims of Hurricane Hugo.

Language has been included in the accompanying bill under Economic Support Fund, Sub-Saharan Africa, which earmarks $10,000,000 for Namibia, $2,500,000 for Mozambique, $2,500,000 for

Zambia, and $10,000,000 for democratic political parties and organizations in South Africa under certain conditions.

Language has been included in the accompanying bill under Export-Import Bank which repeals the limitation on the medium term financing program of the Export-Import Bank.

Language has been included in the accompanying bill under Technical Corrections which corrects a citation relating to Amerasian immigrants.

COMPLIANCE WITH HOUSE RULE XIII, CLAUSE 3 (RAMSEYER)

In compliance with clause 3 of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, changes in existing law made by the bill, as reported, are shown as follows (existing law proposed to be omitted is enclosed in black brackets, new matter is printed in italic, existing law in which no change is proposed is shown in roman):

HOUSING AND OTHER CREDIT GUARANTY PROGRAMS

The accompanying bill would amend section 222(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 as follows:

SEC. 222. AUTHORIZATION.—(a) To carry out the policy of section 221, the President is authorized to issue guaranties to eligible investors (as defined in section 238(c)) assuring against losses incurred in connection with loans made for projects meeting the criteria set forth in section 221. The total principal amount of guaranties issued under this title or heretofore issued under prior housing guaranty authorities, which are outstanding at any one time, shall not exceed [$2,158,000,000] *—$2,558,000,000.*

THE DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1990

The accompanying bill would amend Section 605 as contained in Title VI of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1990 (Public Law 101–162) by inserting the material in italic as follows:

SEC. 605. Five working days after enactment of this Act and thereafter, the Federal Trade Commission shall assess and collect filing fees established at $20,000 which shall be paid by persons acquiring voting securities or assets who are required to file premerger notifications by the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 (15 U.S.C. 18a) and the regulations promulgated thereunder. For purposes of said Act, no notification shall be considered filed until payment of the fee required by this section. Fees collected pursuant to this section shall be divided evenly between and credited to the appropriations, Federal Trade Commission, "Salaries and Expenses" and Department of Justice, "Salaries and Expenses, Antitrust Division": *Provided,* That fees in excess of $40,000,000 in fiscal year 1990 shall be deposited to the credit of the Treasury of the United States: *Provided further, That fees made available to the Commission and the Antitrust Divison herein shall remain available until expended.*

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

The acompanying bill would amend the Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Air Force section of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1990 (Public Law 101-165) as follows:

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION, AIR FORCE

For expenses necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test and evaluation, including maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law; $13,635,570,000: *Provided,* That the Secretary of the Air Force shall obligate $100,000,000 of amounts appropriated for research, development, test and evaluation for the Air Force for fiscal year 1989 that remain available for obligation to carry out research, development, test and evaluation in connection with the Small ICBM program: [*Provided further,* That the Secretary of the Air Force shall obligate $50,000,000 of amounts appropriated for research, development, test and evaluation for the Air Force for fiscal year 1989 from the B-1B program that remain available for obligation only to carry our research, development, test and evaluation to provide cruise missile capability on the B-1B aircraft:] *Provided further,* That the $13,635,570,000 provided under this heading is to remain available for obligation until September 30, 1991.

The accompanying bill would amend Section 8084 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100-463) as follows:

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 8084. (a) Of the funds appropriated to the Army [$109,895,000] *$79,895,000* shall be available only for the Reserve Component Automation System (RCAS): *Provided,* That none of these funds can be expended:

(1) except as approved by the Chief of the National Guard Bureau;

(2) unless the RCAS resource management functions are performed by the National Guard Bureau;

(3) unless RCAS contract source selection official is the Chief of the National Guard Bureau;

(4) to pay the salary of an RCAS program manager who has not been selected and approved by the Chief of the National Guard Bureau and chartered by the Chief of the National Guard Bureau and the Secretary of the Army;

(5) unless the Program Manager (PM) charter makes the PM accountable to the source selection official and fully defines his authority, responsibility, reporting channels and organizational structure;

(6) to pay the salaries of individuals assigned to the RCAS program management office, source selection evaluation board, and source selection advisory board unless such organizations are comprised of personnel chosen jointly by the Chiefs of the National Guard Bureau and the Army Reserve;

(7) to award a contract for development or acquisition of RCAS unless such contract is competitively awarded under procedures of OMB Circular A-109 for an integrated system

consisting of software, hardware, and communications equipment and unless such contract precludes the use of Government furnished equipment, operating systems, and executive and applications software; and

(8) unless RCAS performs its own classified information processing.

(b) None of the funds appropriated or made available in this Act are available for procurement of Tactical Army Combat Service Support Computer Systems (TACCS) unless at least 50 percent of the TACCS computers procured with Army fiscal year 1989 funds are provided to the Reserve Component.

(c) None of the funds appropriated in this Act are available for procurement of mini- and micro-computers for the Army Reserve Component which duplicate functions to be included in the RCAS contract.

The accompanying bill would amend Section 8115 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1988 (Public Law 100-202) as follows:

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 8115. (a) Of the funds appropriated to the Army, [$90,895,000] *$67,895,000* shall be available only for the Reserve Component Automation System (RCAS): *Provided*, That none of these funds can be expended:

(1) except as approved by the Chief of the National Guard Bureau;

(2) unless RCAS resource management functions are performed by the National Guard Bureau;

(3) unless the RCAS contract source selection official is the Chief of the National Guard Bureau;

(4) to pay the salary of an RCAS program manager who has not been selected and approved by the Chief of the National Guard Bureau and chartered by the Chief of the National Guard Bureau and the Secretary of the Army;

(5) unless the Program Manager (PM) charter makes the PM accountable to the source selection official and fully defines his authority, responsibility, reporting channels and organizational structure;

(6) to pay the salaries of individuals assigned to the RCAS program management office, source selection evaluation board, and source selection advisory board unless such organizations are comprised of personnel chosen jointly by the Chiefs of the National Guard Bureau and the Army Reserve;

(7) to award a contract for development or acquisition of RCAS unless such contract is competitively awarded under procedures of OMB Circular A-109 for an integrated system consisting of software, hardware, and communications equipment and unless such contract precludes the use of Government furnished equipment, operating systems, and executive and applications software; and

(8) unless RCAS performs its own classified information processing.

(b) None of the funds appropriated in this Act are available for procurement of Tactical Army Combat Service Support Computer Systems (TACCS) unless at least fifty percent of the TACCS computers procured with Army fiscal year 1988 funds are provided to the Reserve Component.

(c) None of the funds appropriated in this Act are available for procurement of mini- and micro-computers for the Army Reserve Component until the RCAS contract is awarded.

The accompanying bill would amend Section 8127 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100-463) as follows:

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 8127. [(a)] Not more than $3,000,000 of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used to carry out the provisions of section 430 of title 37, United States Code.

[(b) Of the amount appropriated in this Act for Other Procurement, Air Force, the sum of $18,200,000 may be obligated only for the procurement of 20 Mobile Armored Reconnaissance Vehicles (MARV).]

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The last proviso under the heading "Military Construction, Defense Agencies" in Public Law 101-148 is repealed as follows:

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE AGENCIES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

(INCLUDING RESCISSIONS)

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, installations, facilities, and real proper[illegible] for activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments), as currently authorized by law, $537,440,000, to remain available until September 30, 1994: *Provided,* That such amounts of this appropriation as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense may be transferred to such appropriations of the Department of Defense available for military construction as he may designate, to be merged with and to be available for the same purposes, and for the same time period, as the appropriation or fund to which transferred: *Provided further,* That of the amount appropriated, not to exceed $86,300,000 shall be available for study, planning, design, architect and engineer services, as authorized by law, unless the Secretary of Defense determines that additional obligations are necessary for such purposes and notifies the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress of his determination and the reasons therefor: *Provided further,* That of the funds appropriated for "Military Construction, Defense Agencies" under Public Law 100-202, $10,000,000 is hereby rescinded: *Provided further,* That of the funds appropriated for "Military Construction, Defense Agencies" under Public Law 100-447, $11,800,000 is hereby rescinded[: *Provided further,* That, effective February 1, 1990, none of the unobligated funds appropriated in this Act for Defense Medical Facilities Office planning and

design may be obligated until the Defense Medical Facilities Office initiates design of the aerospace medicine facility as required by the conference report accompanying Public Law 100-447].

Public Law 101-121 is amended as follows:

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

FIREFIGHTING

For necessary expenses for emergency rehabilitation, forest firefighting, fire presuppression, and other emergency costs on Department of the Interior lands, $311,500,000, to remain available until expended, of which $193,761,000 is for the Bureau of Land Management, $16,250,000 is for the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, $34,464,000 is for the National Park Service, $67,025,000 is for the Bureau of Indian Affairs: *Provided,* That such funds are to be available for *full* repayment of advances to other appropriation accounts from which funds were previously transferred for such purposes *prior to the expenditure of any of such funds for any other purposes.*

RESCISSIONS

Pursuant to Clause 1(b), Rule X of the House of Representatives, the following table is submitted describing the rescissions recommended in the accompanying bill.

RESCISSIONS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

Department and activity	Amounts recommended for rescission
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE	
Military Personnel, Air Force	$104,484,000
Operation and Maintenance, Army	23,305,000
Operation and Maintenance, Navy	38,834,000
Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps	1,582,000
Operation and Maintenance, Air Force	19,528,000
Operation and Maintenance, Defense Agencies	7,132,000
Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve	896,000
Operation and Maintenance, Navy Reserve	209,000
Operation and Maintenance, Air Force Reserve	1,190,000
Operation and Maintenance, Army National Guard	2,125,000
Operation and Maintenance, Air National Guard	2,199,000
Aircraft procurement, Army, 1990/1992	28,600,000
Missile procurement, Army, 1990/1992	50,700,000
Procurement of weapons and tracked combat vehicles, Army, 1990/1992	69,400,000
Procurement of ammunition, Army, 1988/1990	238,000,000
Procurement of ammuniton, Army, 1990/1992	200,000
Other procurement, Army, 1988/1990	23,000,000
Other procurement, Army, 1989/1991	30,000,000
Other procurement, Army, 1990/1992	68,100,000
Aircraft procurement, Navy, 1988/1990	30,000,000
Aircraft procurement Navy, 1990/1992	83,000,000
Weapons procurement, Navy, 1989/1991	40,600,000
Weapons procurement, Navy, 1990/1992	21,701,000
Other procurement, Navy, 1988/1990	16,500,000
Other procurement, Navy, 1990/1992	22,378,000
Procurement, Marine Corps, 1990/1992	15,200,000
Aircraft procurement, Air Force, 1990/1992	138,679,000
Missile procurement, Air Force, 1989/1991	25,000,000

RESCISSIONS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL—Continued

Department and activity	Amounts recommended for rescission
Missile procurement, Air Force 1990/1992	110,820,000
Other procurement, Air Force, 1989/1991	17,900,000
Other procurement, Air Force 1990/1992	45,805,000
National Guard and Reserve equipment, Defense, 1990/1992	25,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Army, 1989/1990	5,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Army, 1990/1991	35,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Navy, 1989/1990	5,000,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Navy, 1990/1991	23,598,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Air Force, 1989/1990	19,900,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Air Force, 1990/1991	237,542,000
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Defense Agencies, 1989/1990	35,000,000
Military Construction, Navy 1989/93	10,000,000
Family Housing, Air Force 1989/93	8,000,000
Military Construction, Army 1990/94	16,000,000
Military Construction, Navy 1990/94	10,650,000
Military Construction, Air Force 1990/94	37,500,000
Military Construction, Defense Agencies 1990/94	5,810,000
North Atlantic Treaty Organization Infrastructure, 1990/94	21,925,000
Family Housing, Air Force 1990/94	17,800,000

TRANSFER OF FUNDS

Pursuant to Clause 1(b), Rule X of the House of Representatives, the following table is submitted describing the transfer of funds provided in the accompanying bill.

The table shows, by Department and agency, the appropriations affected by such transfers.

APPROPRIATION TRANSFERS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

Account to which transfer is to be made	Amount	Account from which transfer is to be made	Amount
Department of Veterans Affairs: Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses.	$1,300,000	Department of Veterans Affairs: Construction, minor projects.	$1,300,000
Department of Housing and Urban Development:		Department of Housing and Urban Development:	
Payment for operation of low-income housing projects.	72,000,000	Annual contributions for assisted housing	72,000,000
Community planning and development: Urban homesteading.	11,450,000	Community planning and development: Urban development action grants.	11,450,000
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:		National Aeronautics and Space Administration:	
Research and program management	32,970,000	Research and Development	18,000,000
		Space flight, control and data communications.	14,970,000

INFLATIONARY IMPACT STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 2(l)(4), Rule XI of the House of Representatives, the Committee estimates that enactment of this bill would have no overall inflationary impact on prices and costs in the operation of the national economy.

BUDGET ACT REQUIREMENTS

Comparison With the Budget Resolution

Section 308(a)(1)(A) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344, as amended) requires that the report accompanying a bill providing new budget authority contain a statement detailing how that authority compares with the reports submitted under section 302 of the Act for the most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on the budget for the fiscal year. The comparison is as follows:

[In millions of dollars]

	Amount remaining under sec 302(a)		This bill	
	Discretionary	Mandatory	Discretionary	Mandatory
Budget authority	—0—	—0—	−672	1,288
Outlays	—0—	—0—	163	502
Direct loans	137			
Primary guarantees	—0—			

The bill provides no new spending authority as described in section 401(c)(2) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344), as amended.

5-Year Projection

In compliance with section 308(a)(1)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344), the following table contains 5-year projections associated with the budget authority provided in the accompanying bill:

[In millions]

Budget authority	$616
Outlays: [1]	
Fiscal year 1990	665
Fiscal year 1991	−81
Fiscal year 1992	−377
Fiscal year 1993	−128
Fiscal year 1994 and future years	−117

[1] Includes outlays from non-budget authority actions.

STATE AND LOCAL IMPACT

In accordance with section 308(a)(1)(D) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344), the financial assistance to State and local governments is as follows:

[In millions]

New budget authority	$133
Fiscal year 1990 outlays resulting therefrom	72

[1] Includes outlays from non-budget authority actions.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

H. Doc.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
	TITLE I - DISASTER ASSISTANCE			
	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - CIVIL			
	DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY			
	Corps of Engineers - Civil			
---	Flood control and coastal emergencies	---	20,000,000	+20,000,000
	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
	Soil Conservation Service:			
---	Watershed and flood prevention operations	---	31,000,000	+31,000,000
	Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service:			
---	Emergency conservation program	---	10,000,000	+10,000,000
	Total, Department of Agriculture	---	41,000,000	+41,000,000
	INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
	Federal Emergency Management Agency			
---	Disaster relief	---	50,000,000	+50,000,000
	Total, Title I: New budget (obligational) authority	---	111,000,000	+111,000,000

TITLE II - SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

CHAPTER I

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Legal Activities

101-122	Salaries and expenses, general legal activities (Vaccine injury compensation fund)	500,000	---	-500,000

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Administration of Foreign Affairs

101-122	Emergencies in the diplomatic and consular service (by transfer)	(3,000,000)	---	(-3,000,000)

THE JUDICIARY

Supreme Court of the United States

101-122	Salaries of justices	63,000	63,000	---

Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services

	Salaries and expenses:			
101-122	Salaries of judges	5,253,000	5,253,000	---
101-122	Other salaries and expenses	22,750,000	22,750,000	---
	Total, salaries and expenses	28,003,000	28,003,000	---

United States Sentencing Commission

101-122	Salaries and expenses	700,000	700,000	---
	Total, Chapter I:			
	New budget (obligational) authority	29,266,000	28,766,000	-500,000
	(By transfer)	(3,000,000)	---	(-3,000,000)

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL—Continued

H. Doc.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
	CHAPTER II			
	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - MILITARY			
	General Provisions			
---	Rescission	---	-1,790,792,000	-1,790,792,000
	CHAPTER III			
	FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT			
	Multilateral Economic Assistance			
	International Financial Institutions			
101-148	Contribution to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development: (Limitation on callable capital)	(1,609,671,408)	(1,609,671,408)	---
	Bilateral Economic Assistance			
	Agency for International Development			
---	Sub-Saharan Africa, development assistance	---	5,000,000	+5,000,000
---	Housing and other credit guaranty programs (limitation on guaranteed loans)	---	(400,000,000)	(+400,000,000)
	International Security Assistance			
---	Economic support fund	---	765,000,000	+765,000,000
101-148 101-157	(By transfer)	(800,000,000)	---	(-800,000,000)

	DEPARTMENT OF STATE			
---	Migration and refugee assistance	---	75,000,000	+75,000,000
101-148	(By transfer)	(70,000,000)	---	(-70,000,000)
---	United States Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund	---	25,000,000	+25,000,000
	Total, Chapter III: New budget (obligational) authority	---	870,000,000	+870,000,000
	(By transfer)	(870,000,000)	---	(-870,000,000)
	CHAPTER IV			
	DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			
	Bureau of Land Management			
---	Firefighting	---	176,800,000	+176,800,000
	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
	Forest Service			
---	Forest Service firefighting	---	256,000,000	+256,000,000
	Total, Chapter IV: New budget (obligational) authority	---	432,800,000	+432,800,000
	CHAPTER V			
	DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
	Employment and Training Administration			
---	State unemployment insurance and employment service operations (limitation on trust fund transfer)	---	(96,000,000)	(+96,000,000)

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL—Continued

H. Doc.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
	Family Support Administration			
---	Low income home energy assistance	---	50,000,000	+50,000,000
	CHAPTER VI			
	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
	Food and Nutrition Service:			
---	Food stamp program	---	510,000,000	+510,000,000
	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
	Food and Drug Administration			
101-122	Salaries and expenses	13,900,000	13,900,000	---
101-122	Offsetting collections	-13,900,000	---	+13,900,000
	Total, Chapter VI: New budget (obligational) authority	---	523,900,000	+523,900,000
	CHAPTER VII			
	DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS			
	Veterans Benefits Administration			
---	Compensation and pensions	---	190,000,000	+190,000,000
---	Loan guaranty revolving fund	---	150,000,000	+150,000,000

	Veterans Health Service and Research Administration			
---	Medical care	---	50,000,000	+50,000,000
---	Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses (by transfer)	---	(1,300,000)	(+1,300,000)
	DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
	Housing Programs			
---	Payments for operation of low-income housing projects (by transfer)	---	(72,000,000)	(+72,000,000)
	Community Planning and Development			
101-122	Urban homesteading (by transfer)	(11,450,000)	(11,450,000)	---
	INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration			
101-122	Research and program management (by transfer)	(32,970,000)	(32,970,000)	---
	Total, Chapter VII:			
	New budget (obligational) authority	---	390,000,000	+390,000,000
	(By transfer)	(44,420,000)	(117,720,000)	(+73,300,000)
	Total, Title II:			
	New budget (obligational) authority	29,266,000	504,674,000	+475,408,000
	Appropriations	(29,266,000)	(2,295,466,000)	(+2,266,200,000)
	Rescissions	---	(-1,790,792,000)	(-1,790,792,000)
	(By transfer)	(917,420,000)	(117,720,000)	(-799,700,000)
	Grand total:			
	New budget (obligational) authority	29,266,000	615,674,000	+586,408,000
	Appropriations	(29,266,000)	(2,406,466,000)	(+2,377,200,000)
	Rescissions	---	(-1,790,792,000)	(-1,790,792,000)
	(By transfer)	(917,420,000)	(117,720,000)	(-799,700,000)
	Total mandatory and discretionary	29,266,000	615,674,000	+586,408,000
	Mandatory	(5,316,000)	(1,288,116,000)	(+1,282,800,000)
	Discretionary	(23,950,000)	(-672,442,000)	(-696,392,000)